# Midterm Study Guide

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ECON 340: Economic Research Methods

Here is some general information about the midterm exam.

- This will be a closed-book exam. You will be given a formula sheet and the normal distribution table to assist you. Both are uploaded on Canvas.
- You will be allowed to use a calculator. No phones or computers are allowed.
- I have also uploaded one practice exam with solutions to give you an idea of what to expect on the exam.
- Some of the questions on the exam will be similar to the ones we did in class or on the problem sets. So please review them.
- The most important thing to prepare for the exam is to review the notes for each topic and the slides and handouts for each lecture.
- You do not need to know any proofs for the exam.
- While writing the exam, make sure to show your work so you can get partial credit in case you make a small error.

# What all do you need to know?

1. Summation Notation – It's important to be comfortable with the summation notation as it will enable you to understand and implement formulas for different statistics.

### 2. Describing Data

- How to fill in a frequency distribution table.
- How to calculate the mean, median, and mode for a variable. (Including calculating mean from the frequency distribution table for grouped data.)
- What is a percentile?
- How to calculate a weighted mean.
- Means are affected by outliers while medians are not and why that is the case.
- How to calculate the variance, standard deviation, covariance, and correlation for sample or population data. Understand how and why the formula for these statistics works.
- How to calculate the *Z*-score and what it captures.
- What do different values of correlation imply?
- Understand that correlation does not imply causation

#### 3. Random Variables

- How to calculate the expected value and variance of discrete random variables. What do these capture?
- How to look up the area under the curve for any normally distributed variable from the standard normal table
- How to calculate the conditional probability from marginal probabilities and vice-versa
- Understand and be able to calculate the conditional expectation
- What does it mean for random variables to be uncorrelated or independent?

# 4. Sampling and Estimation

- What are the properties of a good estimator?
- Sample mean is a random variable.
- What is the expectation and variance of the sample mean?
- When is the sample mean normally distributed? When to invoke the Central Limit Theorem?
- Be able to construct and explain the logic behind confidence intervals.
- Be able to reason what happens to the variance of the sample mean and the margin of error due to changes in population variance or sample size.
- Be able to test a hypothesis and explain the logic behind it. (We only covered two-tailed tests i.e. testing null hypothesis of the form  $H_0: \mu = \mu_0$  against alternative hypothesis  $H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0$ .)
- Be able to calculate and explain what a p-value is in simple English.