Midterm Spring 2024

ECON 441: Introduction to Mathematical Economics

Instructor: Div Bhagia

Print Name: _____

This is a closed-book test. You may not use a phone or a computer.

Time allotted: 110 minutes Total points: 30

Please show sufficient work so that the instructor can follow your work.

I understand and will uphold the ideals of academic honesty as stated in the honor code.

Signature: _____

- 1. (6 pts) Answer the following questions.
 - (a) (1 pt) Consider a mapping f(x). For two distinct values of x, x_0 and x_1 , $f(x_0) = f(x_1)$. Is f a valid function? Answer yes or no.
 - (b) (2 pts) Find the union and intersection for the following sets:

$$A = \{x : x \text{ is an even number}\}$$
 $B = \{2, 4, 8\}$

(c) (1 pt) Consider the following two-variable function:

$$f(x, y) = x + y$$

where $x \in (0, 1)$ and $y \in (0, 1)$. What is the range of f?

- (d) (1 pt) Given a system of linear equations Ax = b, if |A| = 5, what can we say about the solution for this system of equations?
 - \square Has no solution.
 - \Box Has a unique solution.
 - □ Has infinitely many solutions.
 - $\hfill\square$ None of the above
- (e) (1 pt) Is the function y = |x| continuous at x = 0? Answer yes or no.

2. (5 pts) Consider the following matrix

$$A = I - X(X'X)^{-1}X'$$

(a) (3 pts) Is *A* a square matrix? Show your work or reasoning that led you to this conclusion.

(b) (2 pts) Prove that A is idempotent i.e. AA = A.

3. (8 pts) Consider the following system of equations:

$$x - 2z = 2$$
$$y + z = 12$$
$$x + y + z = 24$$

(a) (1 pt) Write this system of equations in matrix format i.e.,

$$Av = b$$

What is A, v, and b equal to?

(b) (2 pts) Calculate the adjoint of *A*.

(c) (2 pts) Calculate the determinant of *A*. Is *A* nonsingular?

- (d) (1 pt) If you premultiply A^{-1} on both sides of the equation Av = b, you should be able to derive an expression to solve for v. Write down this expression.
- (e) (2 pts) Using the expression in (*d*) solve for v^* .

4. (4 pts) Differentiate the following functions:

(a)
$$y = 3x^3 + x^2 + 4$$

(b)
$$\frac{1}{x} + 3x^2$$

(c)
$$\frac{x-1}{x^2+3}$$

5. (5 pts) Here is a demand function:

$$Q = 100 - 0.4p$$

where Q > 0 is the quantity demanded and p > 0 is the price.

(a) Calculate the elasticity of demand ε in terms of p.

(b) What is the elasticity at p = 50? What about at p = 100? Is demand elastic $(|\varepsilon| > 1)$ or inelastic $(|\varepsilon| < 1)$ at these prices?

(c) Is the elasticity monotonically decreasing or increasing with price? (Note: I suggest taking the derivative of ε with respect to p instead of guessing.)

6. (2 pts) Say we have the following relationship between income (*Y*), consumption (*C*), and saving (*S*).

Y = C + S

In addition, saving depends on interest rate *i* as follows:

$$S = g(i) + 100$$

Find the total derivative of income with respect to the interest rate.